# WANTS NO DIVIDED CONTROL OF WAR

PRESIDENT CONVINCED ONE MAN MUST RULE ARMY, NAVY AND CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

#### CONFLICTING REQUESTS MADE

Queries That Ups t Criticisms of Disturbing Federal Orders - Close Friendship Between Senator Ollie James and Secretary Tumulty.

#### By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.-One reason why Presconduct of the war is because he is vided responsibility is conducive to in through thick and thin. efficient prosecution of the war. He has found that differences are constantly cropping out between the civil nutherities in England and France and the military authorities of those nations. While it is supposed that the civil authorities in both countries are really in control of the presecution of the war, in reality the military are in command of the armies,

Conflicting requests are made by the civil authorities upon the United States, and the president has on several occasions been much puzzled in regard to what he should do. The mil-Itary authorities naturally want food, munitions and soldiers sent over for the armies. The civil authorities have represented that food and clothing for the civilian population is all-important. On account of the conflict existing the president realizes that one man must be commander in chief of the army and of the navy, and sise director of They have displaced the legislative essfully prosecute the war.

Occasionally pertinent inquiries upset some of the best arguments that a lic of Santo Domingo," man in congress may be making. That for unexpected and disturbing orders, on hand \$1,250,000. such for instance as the order of Docton Garfield closing down industries on These inquiries take this form: "Did which these orders were issued? be criticizing the priority orders, or the orders which have interfered with been doing.

elected to the senate from New Jersey apartment houses and other buildings, we shall probably see a Damon and Pythias or David and Jonathan arrangement in the senate. Senator James of Kentucky will be the other that no more people be allowed to army. party to this arrangement. A strong friendship has long existed between the big Kentucky senator and the president's secretary. There is no man who goes to the White House more frequently than Senator James, and he generally has a very long and confidential talk with Secretary Tumulty while he is there. Incidentally Senator James is one of the strongest supporters of the president in the senate. He does not talk very often, but what little he has to say is generally in defense of the administration.

One of the marked changes observed in congress is due to a different feeling which prevails among representatives, and particularly those from the Southern states. A Southerner with a grievance against a fellow member takes it out in a personal grievance talk. The men scrap back and forth with words, not with pistols nor with n threat of pistols, such as happened nearly always in personal controversies "in the good old days." Not only is there no talk of shooting, there are not even knockdowns and flinging of books and ink bottles or drawing of penknives, such as once characterized differences of opinion, especially when the lie was passed.

Men in congress have begun to realize that they cannot fight the president of their own party. This applies especially to senators. Quite a large number of Democrats for reelection in the near future have been showing a disposition to "take to This means that those who have been rather severe critics of the president for one thing or another have recently changed their tactics to a considerable extent and are supporting him right royally since the critirism of the war management began. Possibly this may be due to information from back home, where it is generally found to be a fact that the peo ple sustain the president whenever there is a contest between the White House and Capitol hill.

It is also true that the history of politics in connection with war shows that the people generally sustain the administration while the war is on. Students of history have also brought out the fact that administrations are always severely criticized for the confuct of war. Only the other day Sen ator John Sharp Williams of Missisthe committees of congress," that they screw that holds it in came very near ruining Lincoln and firmly over an artery.

Grant in the Civil war, and that the-Confederate congress came very near ruining Robert E. Lee and Jefferson Davis while they were carrying on the war for that side." But in spite of the criticisms it is generally found that the people do not differentiate beween the government and the admin istration in war time.

If it were not a fact that a political campaign is already brewing, and that the two great parties have begun a struggle for control of the house of representatives, it is doubtful if any politics could be injected into the war situation. But the campaign is on and politics and the war are getting mixed together. This may account for the character of the speeches recently made in congress and the removal of the attitude of Democratic politicians who have been antagonistic to the administration may be because they have had a new light on patriotism; but the possibilities are that they have been hearing from people of their own ident Wilson opposes any legislation party back home, and have come to introducing additional officials in the the conclusion that a successful politician is nearly always the one who fully convinced that anything like di- stands by the president of his party

> Striking evidence of this govern ment's "big brother" attitude toward the smaller American republics was presented in the house of representafives when there was up for consideration a bill to authorize compensation from the Santo Domingo treasury of officers and enlisted men of the United States navy and marine corps now assisting in the administration of that country's affairs. In the course of discussion Congressman Padgett of Tennessee, chairman of the committee on paval affairs, who recently visited Santo Domingo with other members of the committee, summed up the work done by these officers while speaking in favor of the bill.

"They have," he said, "the whole administration of that government there. They are organizing a constabulary, looking after the civil administration. he civil government in order to suc- body, and the president placed Admiral Knapp in charge there as naval governor, and we have the whole administration of the Island and the repub-

Padgett stated further that a year has been particularly true in recent ago there was only \$15,000 in the Docriticisms passed upon federal officials minican treasury, while there is now

Since many radical or unusual or-Mondays, and other actions by officials. ders have been issued in connection with the war, it is not surprising not congress pass the laws under that another should be suggested in the line of relieving the condition in Should not congress have thought of Washington. The national capital in these things when it passed the legis- its entire history never before had lation granting so much power to the such an experience as that which Those are questions it is now passing through. Not only which rather stump the man who may has the population been largely increased, but the winter has been more severe than any ever known in the ordinary course of life and bust- this region. There has been a greater ness. And there is a good deal of it. demand for food and fuel than ever Congress in its war legislation gave before. The prices of these absolute the president and those whom he might necessities have been mounting higher select power to do just what they have and higher, while it has been almost impossible for people to obtain adequate shelter owing to the comman-If Joseph P. Tumulty should be deering by the government of many together with the increased number of people in the city.

come to Washington save those actually having business with the government or having business with people living here. It has even been suggested that the order go further and that those who do not have any business in Washington be required to leave for some other place in order to make room for those who must remain. It is not likely that orders of this kind will be issued, but it seems strange that people will continue to flock to Washington in spite of the high cost of living and the congestion that is found here.

Another idea which may be put into effect and which will remove the necessity of getting more clerks from other sections is to transfer the regular government clerks working on routine work, particularly that which might be postponed for a year or two, and have them employed in war work. Thousands of experienced clerks might be released for this kind of service.

In Senator Chamberlain's dramatic speech in the senate severely criticising the administration of the war department he made one allusion which has received scant attention, although it bore on an event important at the time it occurred. It replied to that of Senator Arthur P. Gorman of Maryland attacking President Cleveland. The president had written a letter about the Wilson-Gorman tariff bill in which he characterized the course of a number of Democratic senators as one of "party perfidy and dishonor." Gorman retorted in a speech which was fully as dramatic as that of Chamberlain and was listened to by much the same kind of an audience. There was one after-result to which Chamberlain did not allude, which was that notwithstanding the fact that Cleveland was very unpopular at that time in his own party, he was strong enough to cause the defeat of Gorman at the next election in Maryland.

Business Chance in Bangkok. Catalogues of paper making machines and names of firms that would

undertake to test raw materials for paper making are requested by the United States consulate in Bangkok, Siam.

Tourniquet of Steel. For surgeons' use a tourniquet has been invented that is made of a Sexible sippl declared that it was "typical of steel band, the end of the thumb screw that holds it in place pressing

# HEAVY SALES OF SAVINGS STAMPS

TREASURY RECEIPTS FROM THIS SOURCE ARE RUNNING ABOUT \$11,000,000 A WEEK.

When and Why It Authorizes Advance Payments to Contractors-New Com-. Training of Treops.

(From Committee on Public Information. Washington. - Treasury receipts from the sale of War-Savings stamps are running at the rate of \$11,000,000 a week. Savings bank deposits in the last few years have been increasing at the rate of \$700,000 a business day. Treasury receipts show the American people are putting their small savings at the service of the nation through War Savings stamps at a rate far in excess of prewar savings bank accumuintions.

Two billion dollars of wer-savings securities will be issued. If these are all sold this year the treasury will receive about \$1,680,000,000, and at the end of five years the government will repay the ionn rogether with \$320,000. 000 in interest.

credits board includes the following by the director of raw materials; the explanation of its functions and activi-

When a concern that has a contract with the war department for supplies words "war time," has shown the board that it needs financial assistance and has been able to comply with the act by giving adequate | shoes, \$4.50; city clerks' shoes, \$4.87 to security, the board has approved an advance payment and the money has been \$4.20; women's first-grade glace shoes, received; in many lustances where the \$3.83 to \$5.06; boys' shoes, \$2 up; case was urgent the money has been paid over to the contractor the same day the application has been flied. However, the board does not act in any sense as a bank. It is only when the manufacturer has reached a point where financial assistance is needed, in addition to his banking lines, that application for advance payment for his goods is considered favorably by the board."

Between the time of its creation in November and January 24 the board approved advances to contractors totaling \$145,551,000.

It is estimated that within the next etx months 75,000 to 100,000 men will be given intensive military training in schools and colleges. They will drawn from the armed forces of the nation, men now in training camps of about to be called, and registrants under the selective service inw.

With a view to mobilizing the educational institutions of the country for this special training there has been created in the war department a "committee on education and special training." It will encourage and arrange the technical education of men for The radical suggestion is now made | needed by the several branches of the

> A "War Cyclopedia," providing the public with information on the great war in the form of a handbook, is the latest publication issued by the committee on public information.

> The salient facts of the war are briefly stated in alphabetical form in 800 pages. The cyclopedia also contains a chronology of outstanding events ranging from the murder at Serajevo of the Archduke Francis Ferdinand, June 28, 1914, to the British national labor conference's approval of President Wilson's war alms, December 29, 1917,

> The volume may be obtained by addressing the Committee of Public Information, 10 Jackson place, Washington, D. C., and inclosing 25 cents to cover cost of printing.

> While figures are not yet available on the proportionate number of \$1 and \$5 smileage books being purchased for use by men at the camps and cantonments, the commission on training camp activities, in charge of the sale, states that there has been unexpected demand for the larger books. Smilenge books selling for \$1 contain 20 coupons good for admission to camp entertainments: books Belling for \$5 contain 100 coupons.

From two to five coupons are required for admission to Liberty thenters at the camps, although many of

Plans for the aerial mail route between Washington, Philadelphia and New York contemplate the use of machines capable of carrying 300 pounds of mall a distance of 200 miles without stop. A special postage rate would be charged not exceeding 25 cents an

In reply to inquiries regarding the possibility of redistilling seized spirits for alcohol the war department has annonnced that the small amount of alcohol recovered, the cost of transportation, recooperage and redistillation would make the cost to the government greater than it is now paying. The average yield from confiscated liquor would not exceed 5 per cent of nicohol.

The war department now permits women to qualify as inspectors of small arms, according to an announce ment by the civil service commission.

After an inspection trip to a base hospital, Secretary of War Bakes made the following reply to as leguiry concerning hospital conditions:

"With Surgeon General Gorgae and Doctor Hornsby I made this moraling a personal inspection of the entire base hospital at Camp Meade. The hospital is very large, fully equipped with scientific laboratories and facilities, has an adequate number of trained nurses under the supervision of a skilled superintendent; its medical and surgical staffs are made up of competent men filled with enthusiasm for their work. WAR CREDITS BOARD WORK The hospital throughout is clean and well cared for; there was an abundance of clean linen, a plentiful supply of well-prepared and appetizing food, and every evidence of considermitte Will Mobilize Colleges for the ate attention to the patients was manifest. I talked with a large number of the patients, none of whom knew who I was, and found them cheerful and without a single complaint as to their treatment or comfort. Doctor Hornsby told me at the conclusion of our inspection that the base hospitals in the cantenments throughout the country were substantially like the one we visited this morning. It was a most reassuring visit. I have long been interested in hospitals, and if I were to have a personal illness which required hospital treatment I should be perfectly content to be sick in the base hospital at Camp Mende, satisfied that I would receive the attention necessary and under comfortable conditions."

In England priority must be given to the manufacture of war-time boots over all but government work. The boots must be made of classes of A statement prepared by the war leather and to specifications approved manufacturer must stamp on the upper his registered number and on the sole the retail price, together with the

The following are examples of styles and prices per pair: Men's heavy \$6.30; women's stout shoes, \$3.16 to girls' shoes, \$1.87 up. Altogether there will be 39 types of wartime boots. The heels of women's shoes are not higher than 1% inches, but it is understood that wartime shoes represent in all particulars the manufacturers' ideas of what the public desires.

Small stocks of corn in the hands of deniers in New England and other Eastern and Southern states, with the exception of Pelsware, Maryland and Virginia, where surpluses were produced, are indicated by reports to the department of agriculture. Actual available supplies in the Southeastern states are said to be greater than ever before, although the amount of corn in the hands of distributors and other dealers is much below normal.

Most districts in the Southeastern states have sufficient supplies for local needs, while dealers in many places, especially Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and Florida have shipped large quantities of corn to the larger mar-

No commodifies may now be exported from the United States nor Imported, without license. According to a statement by the war trade board the military and tonnage situations have ade increasingly apparent the neces sity of instituting a complete and thorough-going control of all exports and

Licenses for the export or import of coin, buliton, currency, evidences of debt of ownership of property and transfers of credit will be issued by the treasury department; licenses for all other exports and imports, including merchandise, bunkers, ships' suppiles, etc., will be issued by the war trade board.

The director of athletics at one army camp has arranged a program as a means of determining the relative athletic caliber of the companies in the division. Each man is required to pass in eight of the following tests to obtain a positive mark for his unif:

Jump 8 feet from a standing posttion; chin 10 times; clear a bar at 4 feet 2 inches; throw a 12-pound shot 33 feet; climb a 20-foot rope in 15 seconds; dash 50 yards in 7 seconds; run a mile in 6 minutes; lift a 60 pound weight over the head with one hand; sit up from a supine position with a 50-pound weight suspended from the back of the head.

There is no standard recipe for "victory bread," the only requirement being that it must contain not more than 80 per cent of wheat flour, the remainthe productions are of the class which ing 20 per cent being composed of corn command \$2 prices in metropolitan ment or corn flour, rice, potato flour, or other cereals recommended by the food administration. "Victory" ples and doughnuts, which contain not less than one-third nonwheat flour, may be sold on wheatless days if the same

> The limit of time for filing income tax returns has been extended to April 1.

> In order to assure prompt and accuente identification, the war department has adopted a system of numbering enlisted men of the army. The system provides for one series of numbers, without alphabetical prefix, for all enlisted men. The number assigned to a soldier will become a part of his official designation, and will never be changed nor assigned to another mun. It will be entered on identification tags.

The annual expenditure of the United States for candy is approximately

## **GREAT DRIVE FOR** SHIPYARD HELP

Call for 250,000 Volunteers to Aid in Speeding the New Merchant Fleet.

### TO BE READY WHEN CALLED

Reserve Organization Formed to Complete Gigantic Program to Win War-Good Pay and Living Conditions

The United States Shippard Volumteers of the l'ablic Service Reserve. . reserve organization of American mechanics, skilled workers in many lines of trade, has been formed to bring to completion the gigantic shipbuilding program necessary to win the war. Two hundred and fifty thousand workmen are to be enrolled and they will stand ready, when called to go to the shippards and speed America's merchant fleet to completion.

An appeal for volunteers has been made by the department of labor. the council of national defense, the shipping board, the 20,000 four-minute men, governors of the various states, organized labor and business men. The sim is to fill all the present and future needs of the government's shippards.

Pay of volunteers will be in accordance with the prevaling wage in the shippards at the time they are called. Construction of houses for the workers is being pushed with energy, and the necessary homes will be ready when the men are called.

Preliminaries Are Arranged. All preliminary work, such as the building of shippards and shipways, construction of housing facilities, preparation and transportation of material, and the training of workmen, ie being rushed to completion. Thus the organization of the shippard volunteers is being hastened with energy and enthuslasm.

Volunteers are requested to go to the nearest enrollment agent of the public service reserve or state council of defense and sign up. Should there be no enrolling agent in the vicinity, they are asked to write to Edward N. Hurley, chairman of the United States shipping board, Washington.

Cards are issued to all applicants. bearing statements of the purpose of the shippard volunteers, dessifying them according to trades and asking signers to respond when called. Buttobs will be given to volunteers beering the inscription, "U. S. Shippard Volunteers." This button is to be an honorary recognition of the wearer's willingness to sacrifice personal desires for public seed. In addition, the worker will receive a certificate signed by Chairman Hurley, which reads:

"This is to certify (name of volunteer) of (city, state), has enrolled in the United States Shippard Volunteers of Public Service Reserve to aid the nation in its imperative needs for merchant ships with which to overcome the submarine menace and maintain our forces at the front.

Quota of Each State. Each state has been assigned a quots, based upon the population and Industrie

Florida

industries. The qu	ota te as follows:
Maine 1,971	New Jersey 11.30
New Hamp 1.69	Pennsylvania, E.
Vermont 1,190	Ohlo
Massachusetts14.87	Indiana
Rhode Island 1.85	Illinofs 22 40
Connecticut 4.78	Michigan11,25
New York B.D.	Wisconsin 9.61
Minnemota 1,762	Alabama Lm
lows 1.531	Misalestppt T.e.
Missouri11.513	Arkansas 6.00
North Dakota, 154	Louisiana 7.56
South Dakota 120	Oklahoma 1.6
Nebrusks 4.60	Texas
Kansas 4,200	Montana 1.58
Delaware 111	Idaho 1.61
Maryland 4.50	Wyoming (
Dist. of Col 1.300	Colorado Eli
Virginia 7 1.63	New Mexico 1.47
West Virginia 5.127	Artanna II
N Carolina 9,364	Utah 1,60
& Carolina 4 23	Nevada
Georgia	Washington 6.90
Plorida 14%	Oregon 3.20

California .... 11.100

### Trades Needed in Shipbuilding.

The department of labor has provided the following list showing the kind of trades most needed in shipbuilding. and a special appeal is addressed to men in those occupations to enroll in the United States Shippard volun-

Acetylene and electrical welders, asbeston workers, blacksmiths, anglesmiths, drop-forge men, flange turners, furnace men, bollermakers, riveters, reamers, corpenters, ship carpenters, dock builders, chippers and calkers, electrical workers, electricians, wiremen, crane operators, foundry workers. tahorers (all kinds), toftsmen, template makers, machinists find recipes are used throughout the week, muchine hands (all sorts), help ers, painters, plumbers and pipe fitters, sheet metal workers, copper smiths, ah pfitters, structural iron workers, erectors, bolters up, cement ers and crane men.

Life's inspirations.

There is no greater joy than the feeling that some act of ours has inspired another to be brave and strong. One of the beautiful things about right doing is that it is an inspiration to othors. No life is a real success which has not scattered inspiration along the

Just Humbn Nature.

Another reason why a men to a man is because he would rather lose \$50 in a speculation than 50 cents through o de in his pocket.—Dallas News.

## For Coughs and Colds Use NOTHING hat a DEPENDABLE, PROSPT and affective medicine—one guaranteed to nothe and RELEVE PROMPTLY, or money refunded.

# **EXPECTORAN**

purposed one of the most effective, pooth; and best remedies for promptly relieving ching, Dry, Painful Gougha, Chost Colds, hosping Cough, Spannock; Cross, osening Phings. It hosts the irritated colds are manufactured to the cold of the cold of

THIS FREE 15 CENT COUPON as ANY DRUGGEST who will accept it for 15 cents in purchasing a regular 50 cent size bettle, and if it is NOT ELACTLY as REPRESENTED, go back and got your MONEY REFUNDED.

**ABSORBINE** Jointa, Spraina, Bruisee, Soft Bunches; Heals Roila, Poll Evil, Quitter, Flatule and infected gores quickly as it is a positive antiseptic and germicide. Pleasant to use does not bilister or reason the last, and reason uses the last. Sook 7 R free.



Natural gas is probably formed in the earth by a process of natural distillation from the animal and vegetable. remains of past geological epochs, and is nearly the same product as is distilled from the coal in the retorts of gas factories only, instead of the best of fires, the internal heat of the earth, aided perhaps by chemical decomposition, has caused its formation on a huge scale.

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY to her hair. If yours is streaked with ugif, grissly, gray hairs, use "La Cre-ole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

.How Did It Happen? . Judge-What is the verdict of the fury?" Foreman-"Your honor, the fury are all of one minet-temporarily insane."-Everybedy's Magazine.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

Natural Sequence. "They didn't get a hand on that Then how could they expect

to get ahead?"

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH, You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly, gray bairs by using "La Creule" Hair Dreming -Adu

Over 15 per cent of the munition workers in Lyons, France, are women.

## American Women No Slackers

We can well be proud of our Ameri can girls and women. In France and ing up the work of men resolutely, and bave shown their ability to to nimost all kinds of wor. when it becomes neces sary women will show their worth in countless shops, stores, factories and offices. No one hears them complain of their hard work. These are the days when American men have cause to re-spect, love and honor their mothers, wives and

. If a woman is borne down weakness and sufferings of wominkind, she should be helped by a herbal tonic made with glycerin which has had such uniform success during the past half century. She should be well, instead of sick and suffering; healthy and vigorous, in-stead of worn-out and weak; bright eves, clear skin, rosy cheeks-you ouldn't think it was the same wo an, and it's all due to the use of a few bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, All druggists, Tab-lets or fiquid. Tablets, 60c.

What this medicine has done for thousands of delicate women, it win do for you. If you're over-worked and defilitated, it will build you up if you're borne down with the chronic aches, pains and weaknesses peculiar to your sex, it relieves and cures. It regulates and promotes the proper functions of womanhood. This old and tried Prescription of Dr. Pierce's invigorates the system, purifies the blood, improves digestion, and restores health, flesh and strength. Consult the specialist at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Ho-tel, Buffalo, N. Y., for free confidential medical advice or for free book on Women's diseases. - Aife.



PERSISTENT COUCHS